Exhibit C

Excerpts of April 24, 2019 Hearing Transcript

1	UNITED STATES	S BANKRUPTCY COURT
2	DISTRICT	OF PUERTO RICO
3	In Re:	Docket No. 3:17-BK-3283(LTS)
4		PROMESA Title III
5	The Financial Oversight and) Management Board for)	
6	Puerto Rico,	(Jointly Administered)
7	as representative of)	
8	The Commonwealth of) Puerto Rico, et al.,	April 24, 2019
9	Debtors.	
10		
11	In Re:	Docket No. 3:17-BK-3566(LTS)
12)	PROMESA Title III
13	The Financial Oversight and) Management Board for)	
14	Puerto Rico,)	(Jointly Administered)
15	as representative of)	
16	Employees Retirement System) of the Government of the)	
17	Commonwealth of) Puerto Rico,)	
18	Debtor.	
19	Descor. ,	
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1 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Mayer. Next we'll go to counsel from Cadwalader. 2 MR. CURTIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Tom Curtin 3 with Cadwalader on behalf of Assured Guaranty. 4 5 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 6 MR. CURTIN: Your Honor, we, along with other 7 creditors, have objected to the 926 motion proffered by the UCC, and we have done so because it's without legal basis. 8 You've heard already why 926 does not apply as to the 9 stipulation. I raised that at the last hearing. That applies 10 equally here as well. 11 And 926 is the only basis, Your Honor, for which 12 non-consensual derivative standing can be granted, and it can 13 only be granted for creditors. The UCC is not a creditor. 14 I'll get to that in a second. But there's an additional 15 16 reason why the motion should be denied, because trustees can only be appointed in Chapter Nine cases to pursue avoidance 17 actions. 18 There's a closed list of causes of action that are 19 put in 926(a). There are specific sections of the Bankruptcy 20 21 Code that are cross-referenced therein, 544 through 550 Those are avoidance causes of action. Breach 22 specifically. of fiduciary duty claims, deepening insolvency claims, fraud 23 claims are not avoidance causes of action no matter how much 24

Mr. Despins wishes they are. So, Your Honor, 926 does not

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authorize the motion on that basis alone.

And then of course, Your Honor, there's the issue of standing, whether or not the UCC is a creditor. Mr. Despins says this is a technical issue. It's not a technical issue. It's an issue of whether or not he's a proper movant here today, and he's not.

THE COURT: He filed the joinder.

MR. CURTIN: Yes. He actually filed the joinder.

I'm glad you mentioned that. The joinder that was filed earlier this week wasn't to this motion. It wasn't even to the urgent motion regarding the stipulation, and it wasn't even to the stipulation. It was to docket 5997, which was a purely procedural motion. It has nothing to do with what's before you here today. So they didn't join this.

And in fact, all we have is the footnote that's in their motion that says that they're nominal co-movants. And I'd actually like to turn to that, because -- I don't think I need to belabor the point. They're not a creditor. They're not.

So there are individual creditors that are listed in that footnote. One is Tradewinds. Tradewinds is not a creditor of the Commonwealth. It filed only Proofs of Claim against PREPA, so it has no standing to be here today.

Second is Doral Financial Creditors Trust. Doral Financial Creditors Trust, Your Honor, doesn't appear on the

claims register. There may be other Doral entities that might be creditors, but we don't know whether this particular entity is a creditor of the Commonwealth. And we need that in the record before you here today, and they've failed to have done so.

In addition, the 2019 statements of the UCC have not been updated in over six months. We need that to be updated so we can have a full and accurate representation as to what the nature and amount of the claims of Doral and other creditors, purported creditors are on that committee.

And that leaves SEIU, Your Honor. We mentioned in our papers we don't believe there is sufficient evidence that SEIU is a creditor. It may be they are, but we just don't have the evidence here before us today. They haven't filed any 2019 statements in this case. The 2019 statements filed by the UCC do not even attempt to disclose what the nature and amount of their claims are. And we need to know that to determine whether or not they are creditors.

But if Your Honor is to determine that they are creditors, the appropriate remedy I think here is to strike the Committee as a movant from this and to allow SEIU and other creditors to prosecute this motion.

THE COURT: Well, 926 says that a creditor can move for appointment of a trustee. It certainly doesn't by its literal terms say that the trustee then has to be a creditor.

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So if I find that one of these proffered joining entities is a creditor, why does that necessarily disqualify the UCC from being the trustee? MR. CURTIN: I don't think it's necessarily the point that it disqualifies them from being the trustee, Your Honor. It disqualifies them from being a movant here today. think it should tell you everything as to who's the movant here. Mr. Despins is arguing this motion. It's not the individual creditors, to the extent they are creditors. the Committee, and the Committee is not a creditor. I'd also note, Your Honor, just one additional point I'd like to make. In the Reply Brief, there is an assertion made that unions are not required to comply with Rule 2019, and there is a citation to a case from Tennessee from 1992 that said -- purportedly said that unions do not have to comply with 2019. That's obviously decided under the old rule, which was amended in 2011 and brought in to encompass a broad array of creditors and entities that purport to represent creditors.

THE COURT: I remember that amendment well. I was chairing the Rules Committee at the time.

MR. CURTIN: And in fact, Your Honor, even before the Rule was amended, there is a mountain of case law to say unions are required to comply with 2019. I'm happy to provide

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you with some cites here today, but --
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              THE COURT:
                          Well, that's sort of going off topic.
              MR. CURTIN: Sure.
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              THE COURT:
                          If you can't get traction with
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    Mr. Despins and want to make some sort of application for an
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     order directing the Committee --
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              MR. CURTIN: Sure.
              THE COURT: -- to report, you're welcome to do that,
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    but let's not add that to the already full agenda today.
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              MR. CURTIN: Sure. We'll be happy to do so, Your
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     Honor.
             Unless you have any other questions, I'll yield the
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    podium.
              THE COURT:
                          No.
                               Thank you.
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                          We've heard from Mr. Mayer already.
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              Let's see.
    Weil.
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              MR. MORGAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
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              MR. MORGAN: Again, Gabe Morgan from Weil on behalf
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    of National.
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              Your Honor, as a starting point, I note that National
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     owns or insures approximately 1.1 billion of Commonwealth
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     debt, including general obligation and PBA bonds. I should
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     also note that as far as we can tell, National is not a target
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     for the claims in dispute. So the obvious question, why are
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     we objecting.
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MR. DESPINS: But -- Your Honor, it was consensual, but, Your Honor, the point is the principle of the appointment was STN, and STN is not only consensual. It can be also contested, meaning you can be appointed under STN even as contested standing. The point is that the concept that STN does not apply in a Municipal case is not accurate. In fact, we have a precedent here.

He also said, I don't know who he's going to sue, and all that. It's very clear. We've said it. It's former officers and directors.

Now, Assured, Cadwalater, again, they say the UCC is not a creditor. It's as if they have not read the Reply, because we addressed all these points. So, you know, the proof of claim by SEIU shows all the grievances that SEIU is pursuing, monetary grievances against the Commonwealth. It is a creditor. And obviously we'll look at the 2019 statements.

Now, National, they say the description of claim is not definitive. Well, the claims are described in detail in a Genovese exhibit, Your Honor, so that's much more than you have received from the Oversight Board. Right now what we have from the Oversight Board is a list of names and checkmarks. This analysis from Genovese is fairly detailed in terms of the claims that are being prosecuted, including fraudulent transfer claims. People keep saying that we're not pursuing fraudulent actions or we're not seeking to do that.

justifying the Court's approval of an arrangement whereby the Committee has authority to prosecute causes of action for the benefit of the Commonwealth.

The Motion calls upon two sources of such authority. First, a line of cases that interprets various provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including Sections 105(a), 503(b)(3)(B), 1103(c) and 1109(b), to permit a debtor to consent to a grant of standing of a committee -- to a committee to assert claims for a debtor's benefit. And second, Section 926(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, which permits creditors to request that the Court appoint a trustee to pursue certain avoidance type causes of action that a debtor refuses to pursue.

The Court finds that movants have shown the necessity and benefit of granting the Unsecured Creditors Committee and members of the Oversight Board's Special Claims Committee authority to pursue causes of action for the benefit of the Commonwealth as provided in the revised Stipulation under these unique circumstances.

The Commonwealth is currently faced with Statutes of Limitation that expire on May 2nd, 2019, pursuant to Sections 108(a) and 506 -- 546(a) of the Code. Additionally, in light of the decision of the First Circuit in Aurelius v.

Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 915 F.3d 838, First Circuit, 2019, the method of appointment of the current Oversight Board has been determined to be unconstitutional, and the 90-day

stay period provided in that decision will expire on May 16 of 2019.

Accordingly, the Committee and the Oversight Board are faced with a situation where even if the Oversight Board were to commence these actions prior to May 2nd, its authority to continue to prosecute the actions may expire or be interrupted soon thereafter, presenting a risk of detriment to the rights asserted in pending litigation by reason of the Oversight Board's inability to act on behalf of the Commonwealth.

Although Section 926(a)'s terms contemplate a request by a creditor based upon a debtor's refusal to pursue a cause of action, the Court is satisfied that the current circumstances justify granting the Committee the power contemplated by the revised Stipulation. First, although the Committee is not itself a creditor, it is composed of creditors and represents the interests of creditors, and indeed, Commonwealth creditors who are members of the Committee have proffered through counsel that they would make a formal Section 926 request if necessary.

Second, these unique circumstances present a situation where the Oversight Board has decided to share its responsibility to prosecute certain claims, and it has, therefore, effectively refused to pursue the causes of action to the extent that it has sought, by means of the motion, to

have the Committee share responsibility for prosecution of the causes of action. That refusal is a necessary and beneficial refusal in light of the Statutes of Limitations and the potential practical consequences of the end of the 90-day stay of the Aurelius decision provided by the First Circuit.

Third, Section 926 contemplates a form of relief, appointment of a trustee for the benefit of creditors and other parties in interest, but does not necessarily provide the only route to reach that form of relief when there is consent. The Court has concluded that the exceptional circumstances that have been presented warrant the appointment of parties who can act as trustees, along with the representatives of the Oversight Board, with respect to matters that are within the scope of Section 926.

The Court further concludes that the Oversight Board can consent to a delegation of the powers it exercises on behalf of the Commonwealth, thus conferring consensual derivative standing under principles similar to those contemplated by the *In Re STN Enterprises* line of cases.

The Oversight Board's determination, reflected in the revised stipulation that co-plaintiff and co-trustee status is necessary and beneficial to the Commonwealth under the current circumstances, is sufficient to surmount the barrier of PROMESA Section 305 and confer such status with the Court's approval as to causes of action in addition to those

enumerated in Section 926.

The Court notes that the revised stipulation, specifically in paragraph 28, preserves the opportunity of defendants and adversaries and affiliated parties to challenge standing in the context of particular adversary proceedings. For the foregoing reasons, the remaining objections are overruled and the motion is granted.

The movants are directed to submit a Word version of the revised Stipulation with the Proposed Order approving it to chambers, and the Court will thereafter enter an appropriate Order.

And you'll get back to me on the unsealing. We've already set a timetable for that.

The remaining Agenda items have been adjourned to the June Omnibus hearing as enumerated in the Agenda and as further stated on the record here with respect to certain additional items that were adjourned. So that concludes today's Agenda. The next scheduled hearing date is the May 1st, 2019, hearing in Boston with a video connection to San Juan.

I again offer effusive thanks to the staff of the court here and in New York and my chambers colleagues for their untiring and hard work in preparing for and conducting today's hearing; I give the court reporter, who has stamina that I can only begin to envy, for her keeping up with us

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today; and the superb ongoing support of the administration of
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     these very complex cases.
              If there is nothing else we need to address together,
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     I say keep well and safe travels to all. Thank you.
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               (At 5:22 PM, proceedings concluded.)
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